

Pre-clinical characterization of ABI-5366: a highly potent long-acting helicase- primase inhibitor for the treatment of high recurrence genital herpes

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Presenter Disclosures

- Heidi Contreras is an employee and stockholder of Assembly Biosciences, Inc.

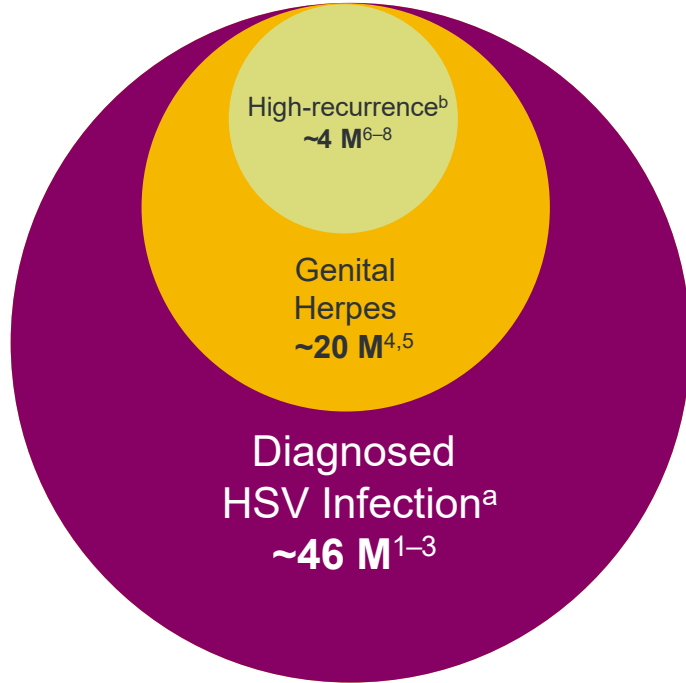


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High-Recurrence Genital Herpes: The Need for Better Antivirals



The existing treatment paradigm for high-recurrence genital herpes is inadequate



Inadequate suppression

2 of 3^c patients not adequately treated⁹



Continued transmission

<50% transmission reduction on suppressive treatment¹⁰



High pill burden

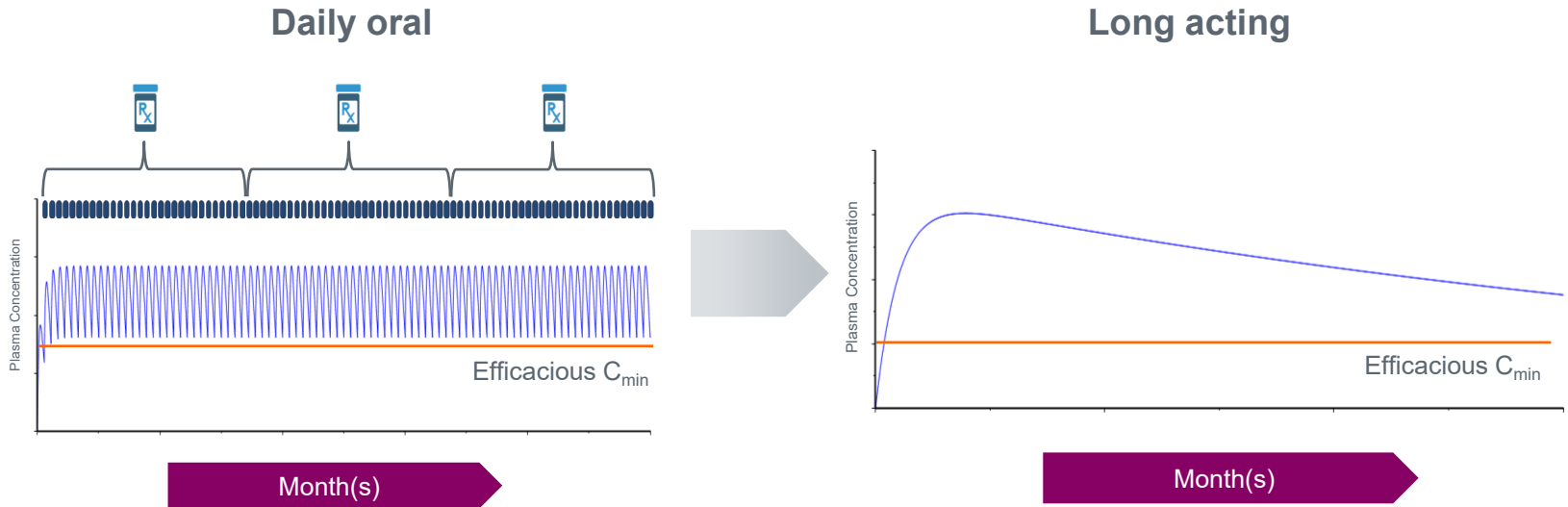
Nucleoside analogues must be taken **once to twice daily** for life

^aEstimated for US & EU4/UK. ^bHigh-recurrence is defined as >3 recurrences/year. ^cDoes not adjust for lost to follow-up, discontinuations due to adverse events, and consent withdrawn.

1) McQuillan G, et al. *NCHS Data Brief*. 2018;304:1-8. 2) Yousuf W, et al. *BMJ Global Health*. 2020;5:e002388. 3) Fanfair R, et al. *Sex Transm Dis*. 2013;40:860-64. 4) Alareeki A et al. *Lancet Reg Health Eur*. 2022;25:100558. 5) James C, et al. *Bull World Health Organ*. 2020;95:315-29. 6) HSV Fact Sheet- WHO. 7) Engelberg R, et al. *Sex Transm Dis*. 2003;30:174-77. 8) Benedetti J, et al. *Ann Intern Med*. 1999;131:14-20. 9) Valtrex (valacyclovir) product insert. 10) Corey L, et al. *N Engl J Med*. 2004;350:11-20.



Long-Acting Therapy for Recurrent Genital Herpes

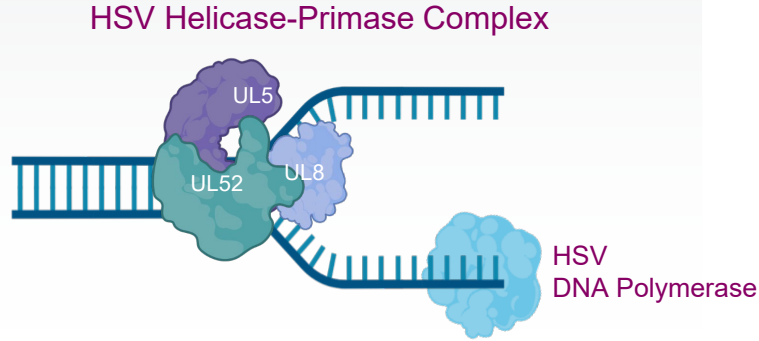


- Long-acting therapy → consistent drug levels, better compliance^{1,2} → improved efficacy
- Reduced dosing frequency → greater discretion → lower barrier to continued use

1) Sabate E, et al. *Adherence to long-term therapies: evidence for action*. World Health Organization, 2003. 2) Romanowski B, et al. *Sex Transm Dis*. 2003;30:226-31.



ABI-5366 Targets HSV Helicase/Primase



- Clinically-validated mechanism (pritelivir)¹
 - Greater reductions in HSV shedding vs valacyclovir
 - Fewer days with lesions and pain
- Acts immediately, unlike current standard of care
- Active against nucleoside analog-resistant HSV

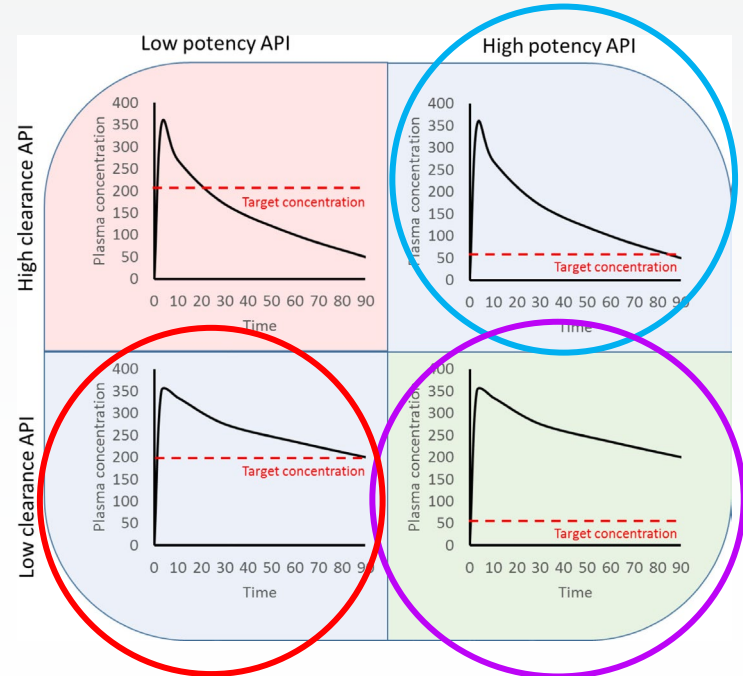
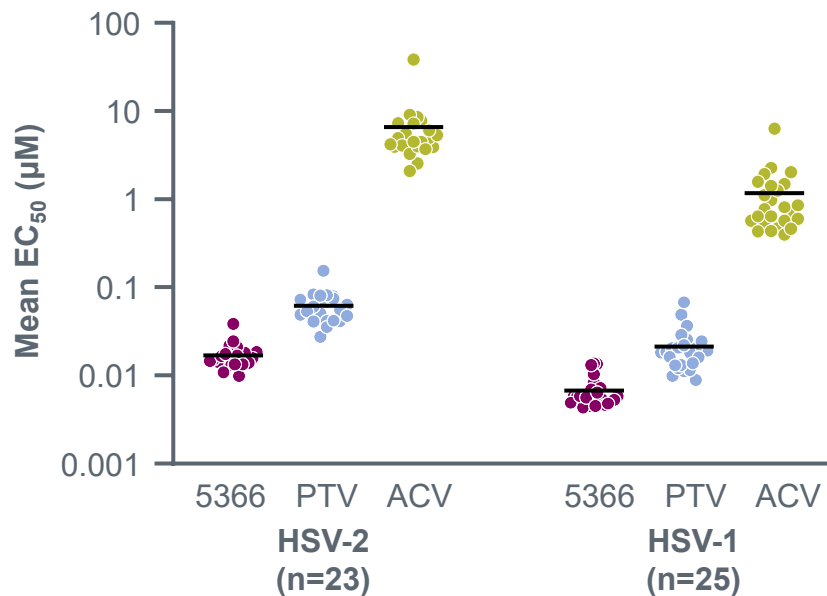


Figure from Owen, A, et al. *Adv Drug Deliv Rev.* 2016;103:144-56.

API, active pharmaceutical ingredient.

1) Wald, A et al. *JAMA.* 2016;316:2495-2503.

ABI-5366 Demonstrates Broad Antiviral Activity Against HSV-2 and HSV-1 Clinical Isolates

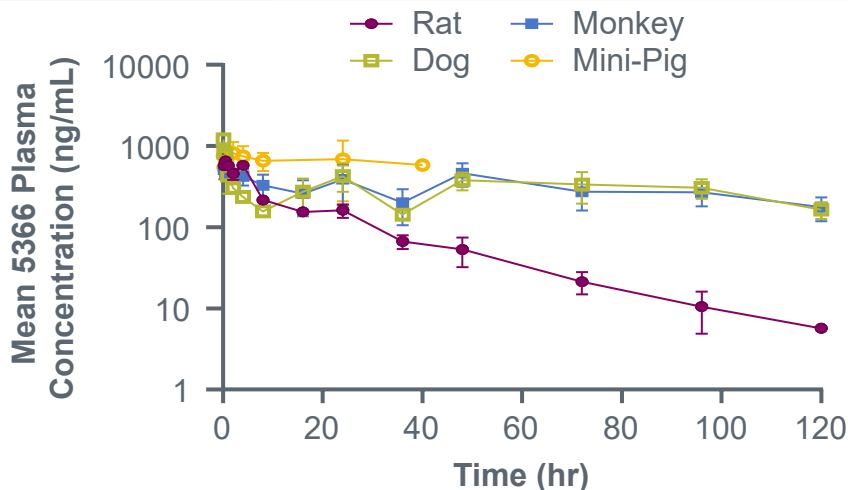


- No clinical isolates tested exhibited reduced susceptibility against ABI-5366 (5366)^a
- No significant differences in ABI-5366 antiviral potency were observed between lab strains and clinical isolates
- ABI-5366 is ~4x more potent than pritelivir and ~400x more potent than acyclovir against HSV-2 clinical isolates

The number of clinical isolates tested is noted underneath the respective virus. ^aData generated by Assembly Biosciences, Inc.



ABI-5366 Shows Low Clearance After IV Administration in Rat, Dog, Monkey, and Mini-Pig



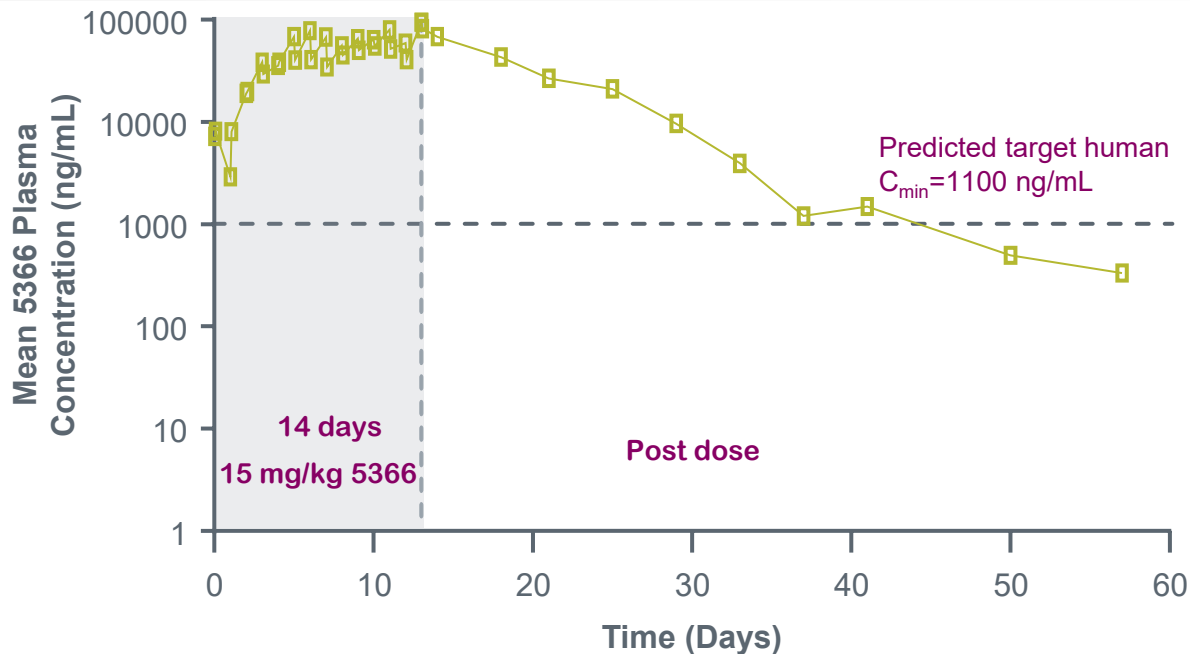
Parameter	ABI-5366				
Species	Rat	Dog	Monkey	Mini-Pig	Human
CL (IV, L/hr/kg)	0.02	0.0023	0.004	0.0018	0.00086 ^{a,b}
Half-life (hr)	20	55	71	134	182 ^a

- ABI-5366 has an extremely low clearance in all preclinical species
- Human PK modeling predicts ABI-5366 will have an extremely low human plasma clearance

^aDenotes predicted values using four species. ^bCalculated using an estimated human weight of 70 kg.



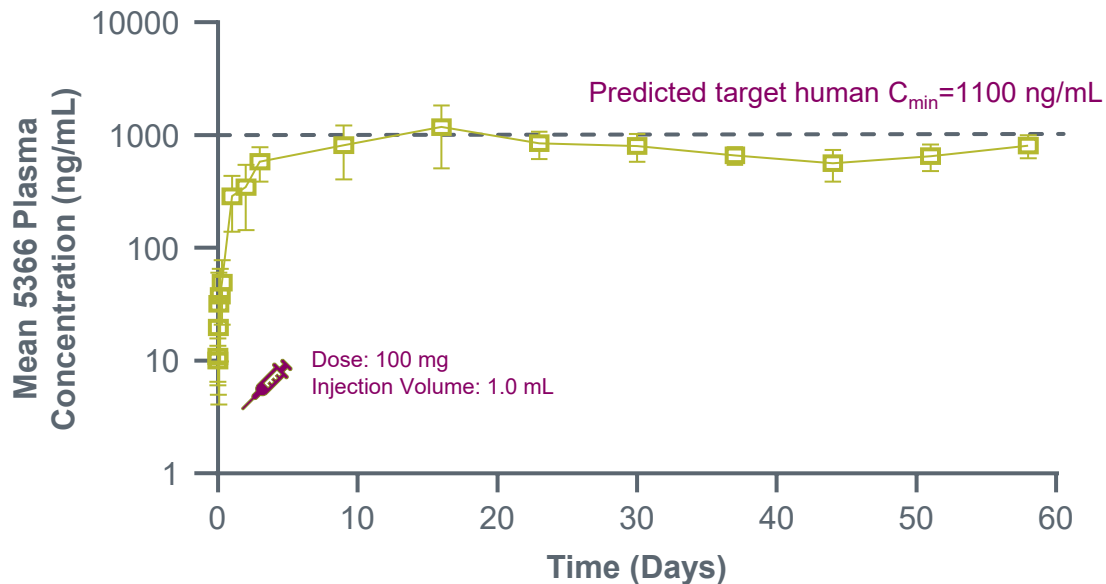
ABI-5366 Demonstrates Sustained Exposure 40+ Days After Oral Dosing



- The dog PK study achieved high sustained exposure to 40+ days
- ABI-5366 was well tolerated for the duration of the study



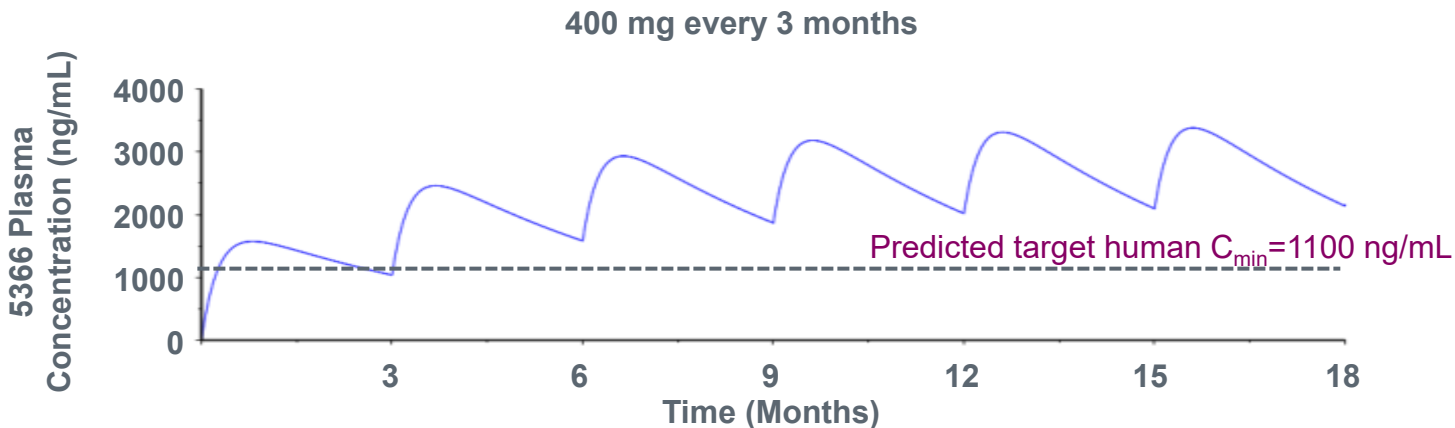
ABI-5366 Concentration Is Maintained For ~2 Months After a Single SC Injection in Dogs



- Single low-volume SC injection (10 mg/kg) without a loading dose → extended-release profile
- Sustained ABI-5366 plasma concentrations were observed over 9 months after injection
- Ongoing formulation optimization may further increase plasma levels and exposures



Subcutaneous Human PK Prediction: Maintenance of Drug Levels Over Target Concentration



Predicted PK Parameters	Body Weight (kg)	CL (L/hr)	Bioavailability
ABI-5366	70	0.0602	50%–100%



ABI-5366 Nonclinical Safety to Date–Summary

- 7-day rat and dog oral study revealed no findings at the highest doses tested
 - Rat: 300 mg/kg, 15× predicted human efficacious concentration (HEC)
 - Dog: 100 mg/kg, 62× predicted HEC
 - Exposure plateaued between 10 and 100 mg/kg
- 14-day PK study in dogs → ABI-5366 is well tolerated, with no drug-related clinical signs, gross pathology, or clinical pathology at any dose level
- In a rabbit study, single SC doses up to 200 mg/injection were well tolerated, without significant injection-site irritation



Highlights of ABI-5366

Target	Status
Broad potency against HSV clinical isolates	✓
Mechanism of action → helicase (mutation data)	✓
Good predicted human clearance	✓
Sustained exposure after dosing (dogs) > 1 month	✓
Acceptable safety profile in preclinical studies to date with good exposure margins	✓
Low potential for off-target effects	✓

- A Phase 1a first-in-human study with ABI-5366 is planned for 1H-2024

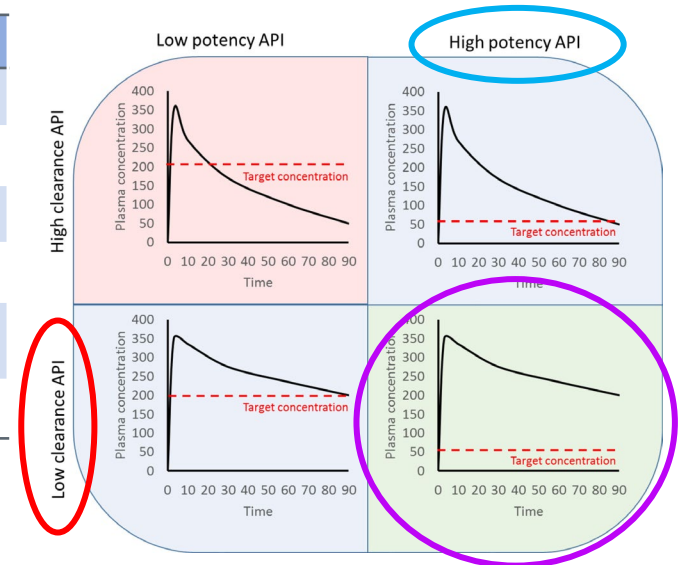


Figure from Owen, A, et al. *Adv Drug Deliv Rev.* 2016;103:144-56.



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- This study was sponsored by Assembly Biosciences, Inc.

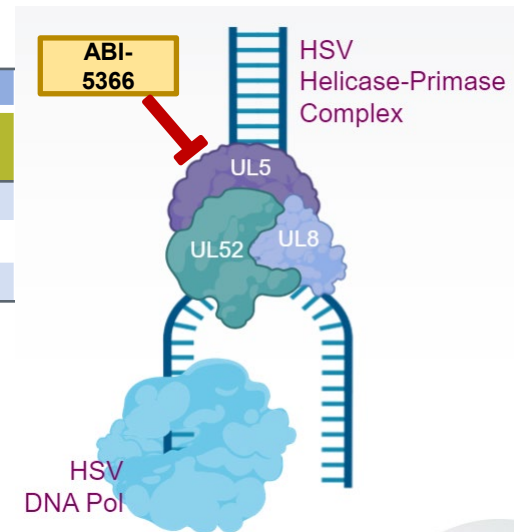


In Vitro Resistance Studies Reveal Mutations in UL5 Helicase

→ Resistance to ABI-5366 and Pritelivir (BACKUP)

Virus Isolates	Mutation detected	EC ₅₀ (uM)					
		ABI-5366	Fold change	Pritelivir	Fold change	Acyclovir	Fold change
HSV2-IS18	NA	0.0174	NA	0.0554	NA	6.25	NA
HSV2-IS18R1	UL5 K355R	>50	>2874	2.11	38	4.85	0.78
HSV2-IS18R2	UL5 K355N	>50	>2874	>50	>903	6.23	1.00

- Selection conducted on a representative clinical isolate
- Mutations emerged under selective pressure with ABI-5366
 - Mutations were resistant to pritelivir but sensitive to acyclovir
- ABI-5366 may act upon the helicase-primase complex



NA, not applicable.

